## **NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2024**

## 23PMB31 — SOIL AND ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

## SECTION A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL the questions.

- 1. Discuss the methods used to quantify soil microflora.
- Define soil microbiology.
- 3. What is commensalism?
- 4. Differentiate between the types of mycorrhizae.
- 5. What is the sulfur cycle?
- 6. Define lithosphere.
- 7. Name the four types of solid waste.
- 8. Name two factors affecting solid waste generation rates.
- 9. How is 2, 4-D herbicide biodegraded in the environment?
- 10. List out the role of microorganisms in the degradation of cellulose.

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## Answer ALL the questions.

Identify and describe the major groups of 11. (a) microorganisms found in soil.

Or

- Tenpul egunses Discuss the role of microorganisms in soil fertility.
- Describe amensalism and its ecological 12. (a) significance.

Or

- Explain the rhizosphere effect and its (b) importance for plant health.
- Explain the atmosphere and its significance 13. (a) in the ecosystem.

Or

- Outline the carbon cycle and its importance (b) in the ecosystem.
- Discuss the various types of solid waste and (a) 14. their characteristics.

Or

Describe the impact of improper e-waste (b) disposal on the environment.

Or

Discuss the environmental implications of the biodegradation of hydrocarbons.

SECTION C —  $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

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Answer any THREE questions.

Discuss the role of microorganisms in soil fertility and the mineralization of organic and inorganic matter.

- Describe the characteristics and functions of plant growth-promoting rhizobacteria (PGPR).
- Identify and explain the physical factors affecting the distribution of microorganisms in various environments.
- Analyze the processes involved in solid waste management and the importance of each step.
- Analyze the role of microorganisms in the degradation of lignin, cellulose, hemicellulose, and pectin in organic matter recycling.